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No. 3011

# LISZT

Ce qu'on entend sur la montagne

Berg-Symphonie

Symphonische Dichtung

No. 1

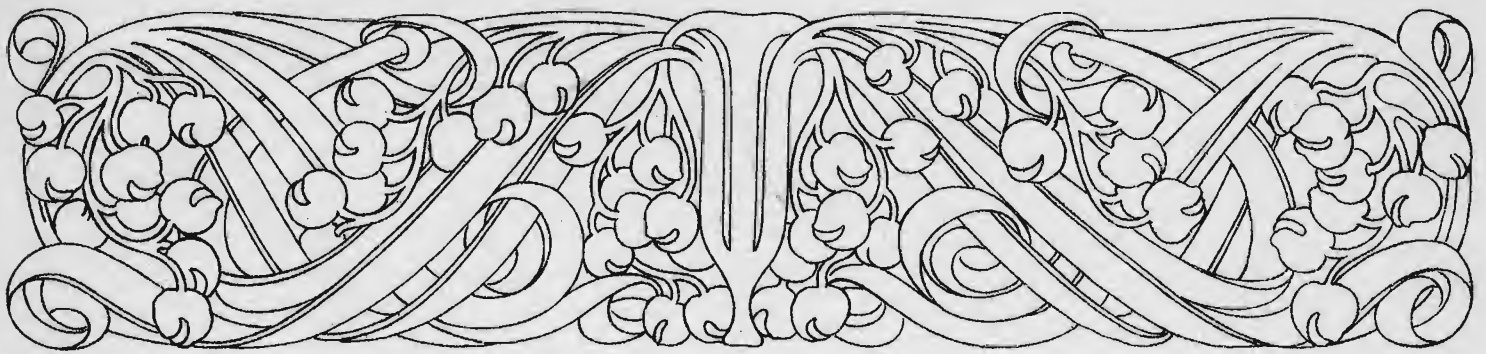
2 Klaviere 4 händig

(Partitur)

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# FRANZ LISZT

## Symphonische Dichtungen

### für 2 Klaviere zu 4 Händen

Nr. 1. Ce qu'on entend  
sur la montagne  
Nr. 2. Tasso's Lamento  
e Trionfo  
Nr. 3. Les Préludes

Nr. 4. Orpheus  
Nr. 5. Prometheus  
Nr. 6. Mazeppa  
Nr. 7. Festklänge

Nr. 8. Héroïde funèbre  
Nr. 9. Hungaria  
Nr. 10. Hamlet  
Nr. 11. Hunnenschlacht  
Nr. 12. Die Ideale

#### PARTITUR

Zur Aufführung sind zwei Exemplare erforderlich



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# WAS MAN AUF DEM BERGE HÖRT.

O altitudo!

Seid ihr wohl schon zuweilen ernst und still  
Auf einen Berg gestiegen, nah den Himmeln?  
An Sundes Ufern? an Bretagne's Küsten?  
Saht ihr das Meer zu eures Berges Füssen?  
Dort über Wogen, über Unermess'nes  
Euch neigend, habt ihr ernst und still gelauscht?

Das hört man. — ich wenigstens, als träumend  
Mein Geist den Flug gelenket auf ein Ufer,  
Und, sich vom Gipfel in den Abgrund senkend  
Die Erde dort und dort das Meer ersah,  
Ich lauschte, hörte, was aus keinem Munde  
Jemals ertönte, noch ein Ohr bewegt.

Zuerst verworr'ner, unermess'ner Lärm,  
Undeutlich, wie der Wind in dichten Bäumen,  
Voll klarer Töne, süssen Lispelns, sanft  
Wie'n Abendlied, und stark wie Waffenklirren,  
Wenn dumpf das Treffen die Schwadronen mischt,  
Und wüthend stösst in der Trompete Mündung.  
Es war ein Tönen, tief und unaussprechlich,  
Das, fluthend, Kreise zog rings um die Welt,  
Und durch die Himmel, welche seine Wogen  
Verjüngt, rollend sein unendlich Wort  
Verbreitete, bis wo es in den Schatten  
Mit Zeit, Raum, Zahl, Gestaltung überging!  
Ein andrer Luftkreis, weit und fessellos,  
Umgab die Erde ganz der ew'ge Hymnus.  
Die Welt, gefüllt in diese Symphonie,  
Schwamm, wie in Luft, so in der Harmonie.

Und sinnend lauscht ich diesen Aetherharfen,  
Verloren in der Stimme, wie im Meer.  
Bald unterschied ich, noch verwirrt, verschleiert,  
Gemischt zwei Stimmen in der einen Stimme,  
Vor Erd' und Meeren in den Himmel steigend,  
Ich schied sie deutlich in dem Lärm, wie man  
Zwei Ströme sieht sich unter Wogen kreuzen.

Vom Meer die eine; Ruhmes-Glückslied!  
Die Wogen sprachen also zu einander;  
Die and're hob von unsrer Erde sich,  
Sie war voll Trauer — das Geräusch der Menschen;  
Und in dies Lied, das Tag und Nacht nicht schweigt,  
Klingt jede Welle mit und jeder Mensch.

Der prächt'ge Ocean — ich sagt' es schon —  
Liess eine friedlich frohe Stimme hören,  
Sang, wie die Harfe singt in Sions Tempeln.  
Und pries der Schöpfung Schönheit. Sein Getöse  
Ward mitgenommen von des Windes Wogen,  
Stieg ungesäumt, wie im Triumph zu Gott,  
Und — welche Gott nur zählt — der Wellen jede  
Fing, wenn die and're schwieg zu singen an.  
Zuweilen liess das Meer, wie Daniels Gast,  
Der grosse Leu, die laute Stimme sinken;  
Und unter seinen goldnen Mähnen glaubt' ich  
Im Flammenabend Gottes Hand zu seh'n.

Doch unter diesen hehren Klängen schrillte  
Die and're Stimme, wie ein ängstlich Ross,  
Wie einer Höllenpforte rost'ge Angel,  
Wie ehr'ner Bogen auf der Eisenlaute.  
Und Schreien, Weinen, Schmähnen und Verfluchen,  
Der Taufe Weig'ung und des letzten Mahles,  
Und Fluch und Lästerung und wild Geschrei  
Taucht' aus des Menschenlärmes Wirbelwogen,  
Wie man des Abends in den Thälern schwarze  
Nachtvögel sieht, die schaarenweise ziehen.  
Was war dies Rauschen, endlos widerhallend?  
Der Mensch, ach! und die Erde, welche weinten.

Die wundersamen unerhörten Stimmen,  
Stets wiederkehrend und verschwindend, die  
In alle Ewigkeit der Ew'ge hört;  
Die eine sprach: Natur! die and're: Menschheit!

Da dacht' ich nach — noch hatte leider nie  
Zum grössern Schwunge sich mein Geist entfaltet,  
Nie schien noch in mein Dunkel solches Licht, —  
Da träumt' ich lange, wechselweis' betrachtend  
Nach jenem Abgrund, den die Wellen bargen.  
Den tiefern, der in mir sich öffnete.  
Ich fragte mich, warum man hier ist, was  
Der Zweck von allem diesem endlich, was  
Die Seele thut, ob Sein, ob Leben besser,  
Und warum Gott, der einzig lies't sein Buch,  
Beständig einet zu des Liedes Misston  
Sang der Natur mit seiner Menschen Schreien.



## CE QU'ON ENTEND SUR LA MONTAGNE.

O altitude !

Avez-vous quelquefois, calme et silencieux,  
Monté sur la montagne, en présence des cieux ?  
Était-ce aux bords du Sund ? aux côtes de Bretagne ?  
Avez-vous l'océan au pied de la montagne ?  
Et là, penché sur l'onde et sur l'immensité,  
Calme et silencieux avez-vous écouté ?

Voici ce qu'on entend : — du moins un jour qu'en rêve  
Ma pensée abattit son vol sur une grève,  
Et du sommet d'un mont plongeant au gouffre amer,  
Vit d'un côté la terre et de l'autre la mer,  
J'écoutai, j'entendis, et jamais voix pareille  
Ne sortit d'une bouche et n'émut une oreille.

Ce fut d'abord un bruit large, immense, confus,  
Plus vague que le vent dans les arbres touffus,  
Plein d'accords éclatants, de suaves murmures,  
Doux comme un chant du soir, fort comme un choc d'armures  
Quand la sourde mêlée étreint les escadrons,  
Et souffle, furieuse, aux bouches des clairons.  
C'était une musique ineffable et profonde,  
Qui, fluide, oscillait sans cesse autour du monde,  
Et dans les vastes cieux, par ses flots rajeunis,  
Roulait élargissant ses orbes infinis  
Jusqu'au fond où son flux s'allait perdre dans l'ombre  
Avec le temps, l'espace et la forme et le nombre !  
Comme une autre atmosphère épars et débordé,  
L'hymne éternel couvrait tout le globe inondé.  
Le monde enveloppé dans cette symphonie,  
Comme il vogue dans l'air, voguait dans l'harmonie.

Et pensif, j'écoutais ces harpes de l'éther,  
Perdu dans cette voix comme dans une mer.

Bientôt je distinguai, confuses et voilées,  
Deux voix dans cette voix l'une à l'autre mêlées,  
De la terre et des mers s'épanchant jusqu'au ciel,  
Qui chantaient à la fois le chant universel ;  
Et je les distinguai dans la rumeur profonde  
Comme on voit deux courants qui se croisent sous l'onde.

L'une venait des mers ; chant de gloire ! hymne heureux !  
C'était la voix des flots qui se parlaient entre eux ;  
L'autre, qui s'élevait de la terre où nous sommes,  
Était triste : c'était le murmure des hommes ;

Et dans ce grand concert, qui chantait jour et nuit,  
Chaque onde avait sa voix et chaque homme son bruit

Or, comme je l'ai dit, l'océan magnifique  
Épandait une voix joyeuse et pacifique,  
Chantait comme la harpe aux temples de Sion,  
Et louait la beauté de la création.  
Sa clameur, qu'emportaient la brise et la rafale,  
Incessamment vers Dieu montait plus triomphale,  
Et chacun de ces flots, que Dieu seul peut dompter,  
Quand l'autre avait fini, se levait pour chanter.  
Comme ce grand lion dont Daniel fut l'hôte,  
L'océan par moments abaissait sa voix haute,  
Et moi, je croyais voir, vers le couchant en feu,  
Sous sa crinière d'or passer la main de Dieu.

Cependant, à côté de l'auguste fanfare,  
L'autre voix, comme un cri de coursier qui s'effare,  
Comme le gond rouillé d'une porte d'enfer,  
Comme l'archet d'airain sur la lyre de fer,  
Grinçait : et pleurs, et cris, l'injure, l'anathème,  
Refus du viatique et refus du baptême,  
Et malédiction, et blasphème, et clameur,  
Dans le flot tournoyant de l'humaine rumeur,  
Passaient, comme le soir on voit dans les vallées  
De noirs oiseaux de nuit qui s'en vont par volées.  
Qu'était-ce que ce bruit dont mille échos vibraient ?  
Hélas ! c'étaient la terre et l'homme qui pleuraient.

Frères ! de ces deux voix étranges, inouïes,  
Sans cesse renaissant, sans cesse évanouies,  
Qu'écoute l'Éternel durant l'éternité,  
L'une disait : NATURE ! et l'autre : HUMANITÉ !

Alors je méditai, car mon esprit fidèle,  
Hélas ! n'avait jamais déployé plus grande aile ;  
Dans mon ombre jamais n'avait lui tant de jour ;  
Et je rêvais long temps, contemplant tour à tour,  
Après l'abîme obscur que me cachait la lame,  
L'autre abîme sans fond qui s'ouvrait dans mon âme.  
Et je me demandai pourquoi l'on est ici,  
Quel peut être après tout le but de tout ceci,  
Que fait l'âme, lequel vaut mieux d'être ou de vivre,  
Et pourquoi le Seigneur, qui seul lit à son livre,  
Mêle éternellement dans un fatal hymen  
Le chant de la nature au cri du genre humain ?





# CE QU'ON ENTEND SUR LA MONTAGNE.

Poco Allegro.

F. Liszt.

1. Pianoforte.

*molto legato e tranquillo molto.*

*pp*

4 5 4 5

4 4

Red. (Streich Instrum.)

2. Pianoforte.

Poco Allegro.

*poco cresc.*

12

Red.

(Blasen)

*mf*

Red.

12

*pp*

4 5 4 5

5 4

Red.

3

Red.

First system of a musical score. It consists of two staves. The upper staff has a treble clef and a key signature of two flats. It contains several measures of music, including a section marked "poco cresc." and a measure with a "12" fingering. The lower staff has a bass clef and a key signature of two flats, with a "Ped." (pedal) marking. The system concludes with a measure marked "mf" and "Ped.".

Second system of the musical score. The upper staff continues with music, including a section marked "pp" and a "Ped." marking. The lower staff features a section with a "3" (triple) marking and a "Ped." marking. The system ends with a measure marked "Ped.".

Third system of the musical score. The upper staff contains music with a "Ped." marking and a section marked "poco a poco crescendo". The lower staff continues with music, including a "Ped." marking. The system concludes with a measure marked "Ped.".

**Lied der Nacht**  
Op. 94, No. 1  
Franz Schubert

*tränke mich mit deinem Weine*  
*und laß mich in den Schlaf*  
*mit dir allein*

*ped.*  
*f*  
*A*  
*3*  
*f*  
*3*  
*tranquillo. 5*  
*2 4 1 3 3 1 4 2*  
*p*  
*ped. poco a poco più di moto*  
*f*  
*p*  
*(Streich-Instrum. u. Harfe.)*  
*3*  
*3*  
*\* p poco a poco più di moto.*  
*ped.*  
*poco cresc.*  
*tremol.*  
*ped.*  
*sempre piano.*  
*(Hoboe.)*  
*dolce grazioso.*



trillo.  
*ped.* *f* *trillo.*  
*p* *tranquillo.*  
*ped.*  
*cresc.*  
*ped.*  
*f*  
*3*  
*3*  
*p*

*ped. tremol.*  
*dolce grazioso.*  
*crescendo.*  
*p*



The image shows a page of musical notation for the piano accompaniment of Liszt's 'L'Espresso'. The score is written for two systems, each with a treble and bass staff. The key signature is D major (two sharps) and the time signature is 3/4. The first system features a treble staff with eighth and sixteenth notes, and a bass staff with a pedal point (Ped.) and eighth notes. The second system continues the melody in the treble staff with more complex figures and includes a 'cresc.' marking. The bass staff in the second system also features a pedal point and more complex rhythmic patterns. The page ends with the instruction 'più appassionato e cresc.'.

First system of musical notation, measures 1-4. Treble and bass staves. Bass staff has *cresc.* and *Ped.* markings. Fingerings 4, 4, 3, 4, 5, 3, 4 are indicated.

Second system of musical notation, measures 5-8. Treble and bass staves. Bass staff has *p* and *8a bassa* markings. Fingerings 3, 4, 4, 5, 4, 5, 3, 4 are indicated.

Third system of musical notation, measures 9-12. Treble and bass staves. Bass staff has *p* and *Ped.* markings. The instruction *p un poco marcato.* is written below the bass staff.

Fourth system of musical notation, measures 13-16. Treble and bass staves. Bass staff has *cresc.* and *Ped.* markings. The instruction *8a bassa* is written below the bass staff.

Fifth system of musical notation, measures 17-20. Treble and bass staves. Bass staff has *cresc.* marking.

*rinforzando molto*

8<sup>a</sup> bassa

*rinforzando.*

**Maestoso assai.**

*ff*

**Maestoso assai.** (Tromp. u. Pos.)

*ff* Ped.

*ff*

Ped.

Ped.

Ped.

*f*

*ff*

Ped.

Ped.

Ped.

\* Die erste Achtel C<sub>is</sub> immer scharf als Achtel accentuiren und nicht als Sechszentel spielen.



First system of musical notation. Treble and bass staves. Includes dynamic markings *ff sempre* and *f*. A key signature change to D major is indicated by a 'D' above the staff.

Second system of musical notation. Treble and bass staves. Includes dynamic markings *ff*, *p*, and *ff*. Pedal points are marked with 'Ped.' and 'sa bassa.....'. A key signature change to D major is indicated by a 'D' above the staff.

Third system of musical notation. Treble and bass staves. Includes dynamic markings *ff* and *p*. Pedal points are marked with 'Ped.' and 'sa bassa.....'. The system continues the musical development with complex textures.

Fourth system of musical notation. Treble and bass staves. Includes dynamic markings *dim.*, *p*, and *decresc.*. Pedal points are marked with 'Ped.' and 'sa bassa.....'. The system concludes with a final cadence and a key signature change to D major.



Ped. Ped.  
*marcato.* *marcato.*  
*f marcato*  
**E** *tremol.*  
*pp* poco a poco accele - rando il  
 Ped.  
**E** *espressivo.*  
*f* poco a poco accele - rando il  
*ff*  
*tempo e cresc.*  
*tempo e cresc.*

**Allegro con moto**  
(Tromp.)

*ff* Ped.

**Allegro con moto.**

*ff* *energico.*

*energico.* Ped. \*

*ff* Ped.

**F** Ped.

**F** Ped. *sempre ff*

*f* Ped.

This page of musical notation is divided into four systems, each consisting of a grand staff (treble and bass clef). The music is written in a key signature of two flats (B-flat and E-flat) and a 2/4 time signature.

- System 1:** Features complex rhythmic patterns with triplets and sixteenth notes. The first staff has a triplet of eighth notes, and the second staff has a triplet of sixteenth notes. The notation includes various musical symbols such as clefs, key signatures, and dynamic markings like "Ped." (Pedal).
- System 2:** Continues the complex rhythmic patterns. The first staff has a triplet of eighth notes, and the second staff has a triplet of sixteenth notes. The notation includes various musical symbols such as clefs, key signatures, and dynamic markings like "Ped." (Pedal).
- System 3:** Features complex rhythmic patterns with triplets and sixteenth notes. The first staff has a triplet of eighth notes, and the second staff has a triplet of sixteenth notes. The notation includes various musical symbols such as clefs, key signatures, and dynamic markings like "Ped." (Pedal).
- System 4:** Continues the complex rhythmic patterns. The first staff has a triplet of eighth notes, and the second staff has a triplet of sixteenth notes. The notation includes various musical symbols such as clefs, key signatures, and dynamic markings like "Ped." (Pedal).

The notation includes various musical symbols such as clefs, key signatures, and dynamic markings like "Ped." (Pedal). The piece concludes with a final chord in the bass staff.



First system of musical notation, measures 1-6. The top staff (treble clef) contains a melodic line with a sequence of notes marked 5 4 3 4. The bottom staff (bass clef) contains a bass line with various notes and rests. Pedal points are indicated by 'Ped.' in measures 2, 4, and 6. Dynamic markings include 'poco a poco' in measure 6. Asterisks (\*) are placed above the bass line in measures 1, 3, and 5.

Second system of musical notation, measures 7-12. The top staff (treble clef) continues the melodic line. The bottom staff (bass clef) continues the bass line. Pedal points are indicated by 'Ped.' in measures 8, 10, and 12. Dynamic markings include 'dimmin.' in measure 7, 'poco a poco' in measure 11, and 'piu dim.' in measure 12. Asterisks (\*) are placed above the bass line in measures 7, 9, and 11.

Third system of musical notation, measures 13-18. The top staff (treble clef) continues the melodic line. The bottom staff (bass clef) continues the bass line. Pedal points are indicated by 'Ped.' in measures 13 and 15. Dynamic markings include 'p' in measure 16, 'Ped. (tutam.)' in measure 17, and '8a bassa.....' in measure 18. Asterisks (\*) are placed above the bass line in measures 13 and 17. The system concludes with a double bar line.



Un poco ritenuto il tempo (ma poco).

*p* *Ped.* *(tam tam...)* *p* 8<sup>a</sup> bassa .....

Un poco ritenuto il tempo (ma poco). *(Bass-Cl.)* *f pesante lugubre.* *Ped.* *sf*

*Ped.* \*

*f pesante.* *Ped.* *sf espressivo dolente.*

*Ped.* \*

**H a Tempo.**

*pp* *Ped.* *Ped.*

**H a Tempo.**

(Viol. Solo.)  
dolce.

perdendo. \* *molto tranquillo.* Ped. una corda. Ped. sempre dolcissimo.

una corda.  
pp Ped. *p*

Ped. perdendosi e rall. *ppp* *lang.* Ped. (tantum) \* *p* *Sa bassa...*

*I* tre corde.  
Ped. \* *p* Ped. \*

*I* *p* *Sa bassa...*

Ped. (tantum) \* *p* Ped. \*

J a tempo.

pp

J a tempo.

Vcl. Solo  
dolce.

Ped. smorzando.

molto tranquillo.  
una corda.

una corda.

(FLCL)  
pp Ped.

Ped. sempre dolcissimo.

Ped. perdendosi e rall.

ppp lang.

Ped.



**K.** Allegro agitato assai.

First system of the musical score. It consists of a grand staff with a treble and bass clef. The key signature has three sharps (F#, C#, G#). The tempo is 'Allegro agitato assai'. The first measure is marked *ff* *disperato*. The second measure is marked *rinf.*. The system ends with a repeat sign.

**K.** Allegro agitato assai.

Second system of the musical score. It consists of a grand staff with a treble and bass clef. The key signature has three sharps (F#, C#, G#). The tempo is 'Allegro agitato assai'. The first measure is marked *fp* *Red.*. The second measure is marked *ff*. The third measure is marked *f*. The fourth measure is marked *ff*. The fifth measure is marked *f*. The sixth measure is marked *ff*. The seventh measure is marked *f*. The system ends with a repeat sign.

Third system of the musical score. It consists of a grand staff with a treble and bass clef. The key signature has three sharps (F#, C#, G#). The tempo is 'Allegro agitato assai'. The first measure is marked *rinf.*. The second measure is marked *rinf.*. The third measure is marked *rinf.*. The fourth measure is marked *rinf.*. The system ends with a repeat sign.

Fourth system of the musical score. It consists of a grand staff with a treble and bass clef. The key signature has three sharps (F#, C#, G#). The tempo is 'Allegro agitato assai'. The first measure is marked *Red.*. The second measure is marked *rinf.* *Red.*. The third measure is marked *fp* *Red.*. The fourth measure is marked *ff*. The fifth measure is marked *f*. The sixth measure is marked *ff*. The seventh measure is marked *f*. The system ends with a repeat sign.

Fifth system of the musical score. It consists of a grand staff with a treble and bass clef. The key signature has three sharps (F#, C#, G#). The tempo is 'Allegro agitato assai'. The first measure is marked *f*. The second measure is marked *f*. The third measure is marked *f*. The fourth measure is marked *rinf.*. The fifth measure is marked *rinf.*. The system ends with a repeat sign.

Sixth system of the musical score. It consists of a grand staff with a treble and bass clef. The key signature has three sharps (F#, C#, G#). The tempo is 'Allegro agitato assai'. The first measure is marked *fp* *Red.*. The second measure is marked *ff*. The third measure is marked *f*. The fourth measure is marked *ff*. The fifth measure is marked *f*. The sixth measure is marked *ff*. The seventh measure is marked *f*. The system ends with a repeat sign.



The image displays a musical score for three systems, each consisting of a piano (piano) and orchestra (orchestra) part. The piano part is written in treble and bass staves, while the orchestra part is written in a single staff. The key signature is one flat (B-flat), and the time signature is 2/4.

**System 1:** The piano part begins with a crescendo marked "cresc. molto" and a forte dynamic "ff". The orchestra part features a woodwind section (flutes, oboes, and bassoons) playing a melodic line. The system concludes with a "Red." (Reduction) marking.

**System 2:** The piano part continues with a "cresc. molto" and "ff" dynamic. The orchestra part includes a woodwind section (flutes, oboes, and bassoons) and a string section (violins, violas, cellos, and double basses). The system concludes with a "Red." marking.

**System 3:** The piano part continues with a "cresc. molto" and "ff" dynamic. The orchestra part includes a woodwind section (flutes, oboes, and bassoons) and a string section (violins, violas, cellos, and double basses). The system concludes with a "Red." marking.

Additional markings include "L" (Lento) and "ff" (fortissimo) dynamics, and a "Pos." (Positivo) marking in the second system.

This page of musical notation consists of five systems of staves, each with a treble and bass clef. The notation includes various musical symbols such as notes, rests, and dynamic markings. The first system features a *ff* (fortissimo) dynamic and a *Red.* (ritardando) instruction. The second system includes a *ff* dynamic and a *Red.* instruction. The third system is marked *sempre ff* (sempre fortissimo). The fourth system includes a *ff* dynamic. The fifth system features a *ff* dynamic. The notation is complex, with many notes and rests, and includes various articulation marks and performance instructions.

*ff*  
*Red.*

*ff*

*Red.*

*sempre ff*

*ff*

*ff*



**M** *stringendo* -

[illegible]

**M** *stringendo* -

The first system of the musical score for 'L'Espresso' by Franz Liszt. It consists of a grand staff with a piano part on the left and a celeste part on the right. The piano part begins with a 'Ped.' (pedal) marking. The celeste part begins with a 'sempre f' (sempre forte) marking. The music is in 2/4 time and features a complex, rhythmic melody with many sixteenth and thirty-second notes. The key signature has one sharp (F#). The system ends with a double bar line.

A musical score for a piano piece titled "The Rose Tree". The score is written for two staves, Treble and Bass, in 3/4 time. The key signature has one flat (B-flat). The melody is in the Treble staff, and the accompaniment is in the Bass staff. The piece consists of 12 measures. The first measure is a whole note chord (F4, A4, C5). The second measure is a half note chord (F4, A4, C5). The third measure is a half note chord (F4, A4, C5). The fourth measure is a half note chord (F4, A4, C5). The fifth measure is a half note chord (F4, A4, C5). The sixth measure is a half note chord (F4, A4, C5). The seventh measure is a half note chord (F4, A4, C5). The eighth measure is a half note chord (F4, A4, C5). The ninth measure is a half note chord (F4, A4, C5). The tenth measure is a half note chord (F4, A4, C5). The eleventh measure is a half note chord (F4, A4, C5). The twelfth measure is a half note chord (F4, A4, C5). The piece ends with a double bar line.





sempre *ff* e marcato.

8....

Red.

Red.

This system contains two grand staves. The upper staff has a treble clef and a key signature of two sharps (F# and C#). It features a continuous eighth-note melody with accents. The lower staff has a bass clef and the same key signature, with a harmonic accompaniment of chords. The instruction "sempre ff e marcato." is written below the first measure. A first ending bracket labeled "8...." spans the first two measures of the upper staff. A "Red." (ritardando) marking is placed below the first measure of the lower staff, and another "Red." is placed above the third measure of the lower staff.



8....

Red.

This system continues the musical piece with two grand staves. The upper staff maintains the eighth-note melody with accents. The lower staff provides harmonic support with chords. A first ending bracket labeled "8...." is present in the upper staff. A "Red." (ritardando) marking is placed above the third measure of the lower staff.



N

8....

N

This system concludes the musical piece with two grand staves. The upper staff features a final melodic phrase with accents, marked with a "N" (ritardando) above the third measure. The lower staff has a final chordal progression. A first ending bracket labeled "8...." is present in the upper staff, and another "N" (ritardando) marking is placed above the third measure of the lower staff.

Poco ritenuto il Tempo (ma molto poco.)

The first system consists of two staves. The upper staff is in bass clef with a key signature of three sharps (F#, C#, G#). It contains a melodic line with various ornaments and a 'Ped.' marking. The lower staff is in bass clef with the same key signature, featuring a complex accompaniment with many beamed sixteenth notes and a 'ff Ped.' marking. There are asterisks (\*) above some measures in the lower staff.

The second system also consists of two staves. The upper staff is in treble clef with a key signature of three sharps. It contains a melodic line with ornaments and a 'Ped.' marking. The lower staff is in bass clef with the same key signature, featuring a complex accompaniment with many beamed sixteenth notes and a 'ff Ped.' marking. There are asterisks (\*) above some measures in the lower staff.

The third system consists of two staves. The upper staff is in bass clef with a key signature of two sharps (F#, C#). It contains a melodic line with ornaments and a 'Ped.' marking. The lower staff is in bass clef with the same key signature, featuring a complex accompaniment with many beamed sixteenth notes and a 'ff Ped.' marking. There are asterisks (\*) above some measures in the lower staff.



*pp tremolando.*  
*Ped.*  
*crescendo*  
*Ped.*  
*Ped.*  
*Ped.*

*marcato.*  
*ff*  
*Ped.*  
*crescendo*  
*Ped.*  
*Ped.*  
*Ped.*

*Ped.*  
*Ped.*  
*Ped.*  
*ff*  
*ff*  
*Ped.*  
*ff*  
*Ped.*  
*ff*  
*Ped.*

*ff*  
*Ped.*  
*ff*  
*Ped.*

V. A. 3011.



This page contains six systems of musical notation, each consisting of a treble and bass staff joined by a brace. The notation is complex, featuring many beamed sixteenth and thirty-second notes, often with slurs and accents. Dynamic markings such as *Ped.* (pedal) are placed above or below the staves at various points. Some measures contain a circled asterisk (\*). A measure in the fourth system is marked with an '8' above the treble staff, indicating an octave shift. The key signature changes from one system to the next, moving from a key with one flat to one with two flats, and finally to one with three flats. The overall style is characteristic of late 19th or early 20th-century piano music.

*poco a poco diminuendo*

*poco a poco diminuendo*

*rallent.*

*rallent.*

*Andante religioso.*

*Andante religioso.*

*mf espressivo.*  
(Pos. u. Tuba.)

*dim.*



mf *espressivo.* *dim.*

This system contains the musical notation for the woodwind section. It features a treble and bass staff with complex, rapid sixteenth-note passages. The dynamics are marked *mf* *espressivo.* and *dim.*

(Streich Instr.)  
mf *espress.*  
*p*

This system contains the musical notation for the string instruments. The upper staves are mostly empty, while the lower staves show a melodic line. The dynamics are marked *mf* *espress.* and *p*.

*dim.*  
*p*

This system contains the musical notation for the woodwind section. It continues with rapid sixteenth-note passages. The dynamics are marked *dim.* and *p*.

**P** *dolce espressivo.*  
*p una corda.*

This system contains the musical notation for the woodwind section. The dynamics are marked **P** *dolce espressivo.* and *p una corda.*

**P** *una corda.*  
*un poco marcato.*

This system contains the musical notation for the woodwind section. The dynamics are marked **P** *una corda.* and *un poco marcato.*



## Allegro moderato.

*ppp tremol. una corda.*

Ped.

## Allegro moderato.

*ppp una corda, molto tranquillo.*

Ped.

*sempre pp*

*dolciss.*

*molto tranquillo.*

Ped.

*sempre pp*

*8*

*Ped. pp una corda.*

*perdendosi.*

*tre corde.*

*f pesante*

*p*

Ped.

*tre corde.*

*f pesante lugubre.*

Ped.

First system of musical notation, measures 1-4. Treble and bass staves with piano accompaniment. Measure 1 has a fermata. Measure 2 has a "Ped." marking. Measure 3 has a "P Ped." marking. Measure 4 has a "Q" marking above the treble staff.

Second system of musical notation, measures 5-8. Treble and bass staves. Measure 5 has a "ppp una corda. Ped." marking. Measure 6 has a "ppp una corda, molto tranquillo." marking. Measure 7 has a "ppp" marking. Measure 8 has a "ppp" marking. Fingerings are indicated in measures 6 and 7.

Third system of musical notation, measures 9-12. Treble and bass staves. Measure 9 has a "sempre ppp" marking. Measure 10 has a "sempre ppp" marking. Measure 11 has a "sempre ppp" marking. Measure 12 has a "sempre ppp" marking.

*dolciss.*  
*molto tranquillo.*

perdendosi.

8

*Red. pp*

*tre corde*

*f pesante. p Red.*

8<sup>a</sup> bassa .....

8<sup>a</sup>...

*Red. f pesante.*

8<sup>a</sup> bassa .....

8<sup>a</sup>...

*p Red.*

8<sup>a</sup> .....

*ritard.*

*ritard.*

*perdendo.*

8 .....



Allegro moderato poco a poco più di moto.

First system of musical notation. Treble and bass staves. Treble staff has a *ped.* and *p leggero.* marking. Bass staff has a *ped.* marking. The music consists of eighth and sixteenth notes.

Allegro moderato poco a poco più di moto.

Second system of musical notation. Treble and bass staves. Treble staff has a *p* marking. Bass staff has a *ped.* and *p* marking. The music features a melodic line in the treble and a supporting bass line.

Third system of musical notation. Treble and bass staves. Both staves have *ped.* markings. The music continues with a similar rhythmic pattern.

Fourth system of musical notation. Treble and bass staves. Both staves have *ped.* markings. The final measure of the system has a *ped. crescendo.* marking.

Fifth system of musical notation. Treble and bass staves. Treble staff has a *S* marking. Bass staff has a *ped.* and *marcato.* marking. The music becomes more rhythmic.

Sixth system of musical notation. Treble and bass staves. Both staves have *ped.* markings. The music features a melodic line in the treble and a supporting bass line.

First system of musical notation, measures 1-4. The music is in 3/4 time with a key signature of two flats. The right hand features a series of ascending and descending eighth-note patterns, some marked with '5 1' fingering. The left hand provides a harmonic accompaniment with chords and single notes. Pedal points are indicated by 'Ped.' above the bass line. The word 'marcato.' is written below the bass line in measure 3.

Second system of musical notation, measures 5-8. The right hand continues with similar eighth-note patterns. The left hand features more complex chordal textures. Pedal points are marked with 'Ped.' above the bass line. The word 'crescendo' is written above the bass line in measure 6.

Third system of musical notation, measures 9-12. The right hand begins with a 'molto' marking and continues with eighth-note patterns. The left hand features a steady eighth-note accompaniment. Pedal points are marked with 'Ped.' above the bass line. The word 'Animando.' appears above the right hand in measure 10 and above the left hand in measure 12. A 'ff' (fortissimo) marking is present above the right hand in measure 11.



The first system of musical notation consists of four staves. The top two staves (treble and bass clef) contain a melody with eighth and sixteenth notes, often beamed together. The bottom two staves (treble and bass clef) contain a harmonic accompaniment with chords and single notes. The key signature has two flats (B-flat and E-flat).

The second system of musical notation consists of four staves. Measures 5-8 show a continuation of the melody and accompaniment. A 'Red.' (Reduction) marking is present above the bass staff in measure 6. The notation includes various rhythmic values and dynamic markings.

The third system of musical notation consists of four staves. Measures 9-12 show a continuation of the melody and accompaniment. A 'Red. rinforzando.' (Reduction, rinforzando) marking is present above the bass staff in measure 9. A 'sempre ff' (sempre fortissimo) marking is present above the treble staff in measure 10. The notation includes various rhythmic values and dynamic markings.



First system of musical notation, measures 1-5. The system consists of four staves. The top two staves (treble and bass clef) contain a melodic line with eighth and sixteenth notes, and some triplets. The bottom two staves (treble and bass clef) contain a harmonic accompaniment with chords and single notes. A 'Ped.' (pedal) marking is present in the fifth measure of the top two staves.

Second system of musical notation, measures 6-10. The system consists of four staves. The top two staves continue the melodic line. The bottom two staves continue the harmonic accompaniment. A 'Ped. rinforzando.' (pedal, fortifying) marking is present in the eighth measure of the top two staves.

Third system of musical notation, measures 11-15. The system consists of four staves. The top two staves continue the melodic line. The bottom two staves continue the harmonic accompaniment. A 'T' (trill) marking is present in the eleventh measure of the top two staves. A 'Ped.' (pedal) marking is present in the eleventh measure of the bottom two staves.

The first system of musical notation consists of five measures. It features a grand staff with two treble and two bass staves. The music is in a key with two flats (B-flat and E-flat) and a common time signature. The notation includes various note values, rests, and dynamic markings. The first measure has a *Ped.* marking. The second measure has a *Ped.* marking. The third measure has a *Ped.* marking. The fourth measure has a *Ped.* marking. The fifth measure has a *Ped.* marking.

The second system of musical notation consists of five measures. It features a grand staff with two treble and two bass staves. The music is in a key with two flats (B-flat and E-flat) and a common time signature. The notation includes various note values, rests, and dynamic markings. The first measure has a *sempre ff* marking. The second measure has a *Ped.* marking. The third measure has a *Ped.* marking. The fourth measure has a *Ped.* marking. The fifth measure has a *Ped.* marking.

The third system of musical notation consists of five measures. It features a grand staff with two treble and two bass staves. The music is in a key with two flats (B-flat and E-flat) and a common time signature. The notation includes various note values, rests, and dynamic markings. The first measure has a *rinforzando* marking. The second measure has a *rinforzando* marking. The third measure has a *rinforzando* marking. The fourth measure has a *rinforzando* marking. The fifth measure has a *rinforzando* marking.



Un poco più mosso.

*p*  
Ped.  
(Harfe.)  
Ped. Ped. Ped. \*

Un poco più mosso.

(Harfe.)  
con grazia.  
Ped. *f* Ped. 1 2 3 5 3 2 1

*p*  
Ped. Ped. Ped. Ped. Ped. \*

*p* Ped. Ped. *f* marcato.  
U  
*p* un poco marcato.  
*f* Ped. 1 2 3 4 5 3 2 1  
U  
*p* un poco marcato.



*Ped.* *Ped.* *poco a poco* *cresc.* *Ped.* *Ped.* *Ped.* *Ped.*

*stringendo.* *Ped.* *Ped.* *Ped.* *Ped.* *Ped.* *Ped.* *Ped.* *Ped.*

*V* *Ped.* *Ped.* *Ped.* *Ped.* *Ped.* *Ped.* *Ped.* *Ped.*

*ff* *sempre ff*

First system of musical notation, measures 1-4. The system consists of two staves. The upper staff contains a melodic line with eighth and sixteenth notes, and a 'Ped.' marking above measure 3. The lower staff contains a complex accompaniment with many beamed sixteenth notes. A 'ff' (fortissimo) marking is placed above measure 3. A 'Ped.' marking is also present above measure 4.

Second system of musical notation, measures 5-8. The system consists of two staves. The upper staff continues the melodic line, with a 'Ped.' marking above measure 6. The lower staff continues the accompaniment, with a 'ff' marking above measure 6. A '(Tromp.)' marking with a '3' (triple) is placed above measure 6. A 'Ped.' marking is also present above measure 8.

Third system of musical notation, measures 9-12. The system consists of two staves. The upper staff continues the melodic line, with a 'Ped.' marking above measure 10. A 'W' marking is placed above measure 11. The lower staff continues the accompaniment, with a 'ff' marking above measure 10. A 'Ped.' marking is also present above measure 12.

Ped. *f*

*p* Ped. *poco a poco cresc.* *mf*

*p* *cresc.* *cresc.*

*ff con fuoco.* Ped. *sp* *appassionato.*

*ff marcato.* *ff* Ped. *f*



First system of musical notation, measures 1-4. The music is in 2/4 time with a key signature of two flats. The right hand features a melodic line with slurs and accents, while the left hand plays a steady eighth-note accompaniment. Measure 3 includes the instruction *rinf.* and a dynamic marking of *ff Ped.*. Measure 4 features a *ff Ped.* marking and a series of chords in the right hand.

Second system of musical notation, measures 5-8. Measures 5 and 6 continue the melodic and accompanimental patterns. Measure 7 introduces the instruction *Ped. f appassionato.* and a dynamic marking of *sp*. Measure 8 features a *ff* marking and a series of chords in the right hand.

Third system of musical notation, measures 9-12. Measures 9 and 10 are marked *Animato.* and include the instruction *rinf.* and a dynamic marking of *mf Ped.*. Measure 11 features a *Ped.* marking and a series of chords in the right hand. Measure 12 is marked *Animato.* and includes a dynamic marking of *p* and the instruction *marcato.*

*Red. poco a poco cresc. \** *Red.* *Red.*

*poco a poco cresc.* *sempre più*

*Red.* *Red.* *Red.*

*marcato*

*ff grandioso.* *Red.*

*ff Red.* *Red.* *Red.* *Red.* *Red.*

The musical score is organized into three systems, each consisting of two staves (treble and bass clef). The notation includes various musical symbols such as notes, rests, and dynamic markings.

**System 1:** The first system begins with a treble staff containing a series of eighth notes and a bass staff with a series of eighth notes. The notation includes a measure rest, a series of eighth notes, and a series of eighth notes. The dynamic marking *Ped.* is present.

**System 2:** The second system features a treble staff with a series of eighth notes and a bass staff with a series of eighth notes. The notation includes a measure rest, a series of eighth notes, and a series of eighth notes. The dynamic marking *Ped.* is present. The tempo marking *sempre fff grandioso.* is present.

**System 3:** The third system features a treble staff with a series of eighth notes and a bass staff with a series of eighth notes. The notation includes a measure rest, a series of eighth notes, and a series of eighth notes. The dynamic marking *Ped.* is present. The tempo marking *sempre fff grandioso.* is present.



Ped. 2 3 4 5 6

Ped. \* Ped. \* Ped. \* Ped. \* Ped. \*

Ped. Ped. Ped. Ped. Ped.

Stretto. AA ff Ped. AA

Ped. Ped. \* ff Ped.

The musical score is organized into three systems, each consisting of two staves (treble and bass clef).

- First System:**
  - Top staff: Treble clef, key signature of two flats (B-flat, E-flat). It contains a melodic line with a fermata and a dynamic marking of *ped. marcato.* followed by *più cresc.* and *ped.*
  - Bottom staff: Bass clef, key signature of two flats. It contains a complex rhythmic accompaniment with a dynamic marking of *f ped. p*.
- Second System:**
  - Top staff: Treble clef, key signature of two flats. It contains a melodic line with a fermata and a dynamic marking of *ff ped.* followed by *rinf. molto.*
  - Bottom staff: Bass clef, key signature of two flats. It contains a complex rhythmic accompaniment with a dynamic marking of *ff* and *ff ped.*
- Third System:**
  - Top staff: Treble clef, key signature of two flats. It contains a melodic line with a fermata and a dynamic marking of *ped. marcato.* followed by *più cresc.* and *ped.*
  - Bottom staff: Bass clef, key signature of two flats. It contains a complex rhythmic accompaniment with a dynamic marking of *f ped. p* and *ff*.

The notation includes various musical symbols such as notes, rests, fermatas, and dynamic markings. The key signature remains consistent throughout the page.

First system of musical notation, measures 1-6. The system consists of two staves. The upper staff contains a series of chords and some melodic fragments. The lower staff contains a more complex texture with many chords and some melodic lines. Pedal points are indicated by 'Ped.' and asterisks. A 'ff' (fortissimo) dynamic marking is present in measure 4.

Second system of musical notation, measures 7-12. The system consists of two staves. The upper staff continues the chordal texture. The lower staff features a prominent melodic line in the right hand, often marked with accents (^). Pedal points are indicated by 'Ped.' and asterisks. A 'BB' (Basso Continuo) marking is present above the staff in measure 8.

Third system of musical notation, measures 13-18. The system consists of two staves. The upper staff continues the chordal texture. The lower staff features a prominent melodic line in the right hand, often marked with accents (^). Pedal points are indicated by 'Ped.' and asterisks. A 'BB' (Basso Continuo) marking is present above the staff in measure 14.

Fourth system of musical notation, measures 19-24. The system consists of two staves. The upper staff continues the chordal texture. The lower staff features a prominent melodic line in the right hand, often marked with accents (^). Pedal points are indicated by 'Ped.' and asterisks.



Un poco moderato il tempo.

First system of musical notation, measures 1-6. The system consists of two staves. The upper staff contains a melodic line with various ornaments and dynamics. The lower staff contains a bass line with triplets and chords. Pedal points are indicated by 'Ped.' and 'ff Ped.' with asterisks. The tempo marking 'Un poco moderato il tempo.' is present.

Second system of musical notation, measures 7-12. The system consists of two staves. The upper staff continues the melodic line. The lower staff features a continuous bass line with triplets and chords. Pedal points are indicated by 'Ped.' and 'Ped. poco a poco' with asterisks.

Third system of musical notation, measures 13-18. The system consists of two staves. The upper staff features a melodic line with a 'dimin.' marking. The lower staff continues the bass line with triplets and chords. Pedal points are indicated by 'Ped.' and 'Ped. piu dimin.' with asterisks.

Fourth system of musical notation, measures 19-24. The system consists of two staves. The upper staff features a melodic line. The lower staff continues the bass line with triplets and chords. A 'dimin.' marking is present at the end of the system.

*poco a poco rallentando* *pp*

*dim.*

**CC** *Più moderato.* *p*

**CC** *Più moderato.* *marcato.* *p* *Ped. (Timp.)*

*ritenuto* *p* *(Tromp.)* *3*

Andante religioso.

*p* *p dol.*

Andante religioso.

*p espress cantabile.*

*p*

*p*

*p* *p* *p*



*dolce espress.*

First system of musical notation, marked *dolce espress.* It consists of two staves. The upper staff begins with a whole rest, followed by a series of chords and single notes. The lower staff begins with a whole rest, followed by a series of chords and single notes. The tempo marking *poco rit.* appears at the end of the system.

Second system of musical notation, marked *Allegro moderato.* It consists of two staves. The upper staff features a series of chords and single notes, with a *p* (piano) dynamic marking. The lower staff features a series of chords and single notes, with a *pp* (pianissimo) dynamic marking. A *Ped.* (pedal) marking is present at the beginning of the system.

Third system of musical notation, marked *Allegro moderato.* It consists of two staves. The upper staff features a series of chords and single notes, with a *pp* (pianissimo) dynamic marking. The lower staff features a series of chords and single notes, with a *pp* (pianissimo) dynamic marking. A *Ped.* (pedal) marking is present at the beginning of the system.

Fourth system of musical notation, marked *pp* (pianissimo) and *Ped.* (pedal). It consists of two staves. The upper staff features a series of chords and single notes, with a *pp* (pianissimo) dynamic marking. The lower staff features a series of chords and single notes, with a *pp* (pianissimo) dynamic marking.

Fifth system of musical notation, marked *pp* (pianissimo) and *Ped.* (pedal). It consists of two staves. The upper staff features a series of chords and single notes, with a *pp* (pianissimo) dynamic marking. The lower staff features a series of chords and single notes, with a *pp* (pianissimo) dynamic marking.





## Klavier zu 2 Händen.

- Nr. Schumann, Sämtl. Klavierw. (Quartausg.)
- 2619 — Band III.
- 2677 — Op. 15. Arabeske C.
- 2678 — Op. 19. Blumenstücke Des.
- 2620 — Band IV.
- 2679 — Op. 20. Humoreske B.
- 2680 — Op. 21. Novelletten.
- 2681 — Op. 22. Sonate Gm.
- 2682 — Op. 23. Nachtstücke.
- 2683 — Op. 28. Faschingschwank a. Wien.
- 2684 — Op. 28. 3 Romanzen. Bm., Fis, H.
- 2685 — Op. 32. Scherzo, Gigue etc.
- 2621 — Band V.
- 2686 — Op. 56. Studien für den Pedalfuß.
- 2687 — Op. 56. Skizzen für den Pedalfuß.
- 2688 — Op. 68. Album f. die Jugend. 43 St.
- 2689 — Op. 72. Vier Fugen.
- 2690 — Op. 76. Vier Märsche.
- 2691 — Op. 82. Waldszene. 9 Klavierst.
- 2692 — Band VI.
- 2693 — Op. 99. Bunte Blätter. 14 Stücke.
- 2694 — Op. 111. 3 Phantasiestücke.
- 2695 — Op. 118. 3 Sonaten für die Jugend.
- 2696 — Op. 124. Albumblätter. 20 Stücke.
- 2697 — Op. 128. 7 Stücke in Fughettenform.
- 2698 — Op. 133. Gesänge der Frühe.
- 2699 — Konzerte. Konzertst. Op. 54, 92, 134.
- 2700 — Op. 54. Konzert A m.
- 2701 — Op. 92. Introduktion und Allegro.
- 2702 — Op. 131. Konz. Allegro. Intr. Dm.
- 2722 — Sonaten, Op. 11, 14, 22.
- 2714 — Anhang zu Op. 13 (Variationen), Op. 14 (Scherzo) u. Op. 22 (Presto).
- (Silbergrau.) Originale, Oktavausgaben:
- 631/32 — In 2 Abteil. (einschl. Konzerte).
- 625/80 — In 6 Bdn. (Inhalt wie Quartausg.).
- 688 — Ergänzt. Bd. Konzerte. Konzertst.
- 693 — Op. 8. Die Davidsbündler.
- 694 — Op. 9. Karneval.
- 695 — Op. 13. Phantasiestücke.
- 696 — Op. 15. Kindererzählungen.
- 697 — Op. 21. Novelletten.
- 698 — Op. 68. Album f. die Jugend. 43 St.
- 699 — Op. 82. Waldszene. 9 Stücke.
- 840 — Op. 99. Bunte Blätter. 14 Stücke.
- 841 — Op. 124. Albumblätter. 20 Stücke.
- 698 — Konzerte. Konzertst. Op. 54, 92, 134.
- 642 — Sonaten, Op. 11, 14, 22.
- Schumann, R., Sämtliche Klavierwerke.
- Originale. Instruktive Ausgabe auf Grund der Gesamtausgabe mit Fingersatz u. Vortragszeichen versehen. Revidierte Ausgabe. (Blau-grün.) Quartausgaben.
- Diese Ausgabe entspricht den oben bezeichneten u. trägt die Nummern:
- 623/24 statt 2623/24 704/6 statt 2704/6
- 617/22 " 2617/22 714 " 2714
- 643 " 2643 722 " 2722
- 663/37 " 2663/37
- Bearbeitungen:
- 498 — Op. 41. Streich-Quartette (Klavier).
- 574 — Op. 44. Quintett und Quartett.
- 1408 — Op. 46. Andante u. Variat. (Schiffer).
- 707 — Op. 52. Ouvertüre, Scherzo u. Finale.
- 980 — Album. Orig. u. Bearb. (Reinecke) 8.
- 748 — Album. Neue Folge (Reinecke) 8.
- 1900 — Album de chants populaires. Op. 79.
- 1316 — Ausgewählte Lieder (Jadassohn).
- 903 — 63 Lieder und Gesänge von R. und G. Schumann (Jadassohn).
- 575 — Sämtl. Symphonien (Klavier usw.).
- 590/99 — Dieselben einzeln: Nr. 1—4.
- 2547 Sibelius, Jean, Op. 5. Sechs Impromptus.
- 2444 — Op. 9. Eine Sage (Schneider).
- 2230 — Op. 10. Karelia Ouvertüre.
- 2236 — Op. 11. Karelia-Suite.
- 2156 — Op. 12. Sonate.
- 2232 — Op. 16. Frühlingssong (Vorsäng).
- 2271 — Op. 22 Nr. 3. Schwan v. Tuonela.
- 2272 — Op. 22 Nr. 4. Lemminkäinen.
- 2628 — Op. 24 Nr. 1. Impromptu.
- 2629 — Op. 24 Nr. 2. Romanze, A dur.
- 2630 — Op. 24 Nr. 3. Caprice.
- 2288 — Op. 24 Nr. 4/5. 2 Miniaturen (Romanze-Valse).
- 2470 — Op. 24 Nr. 6. Idyll.
- 2406 — Op. 24 Nr. 7. Andantino, F dur.
- 2635 — Op. 24 Nr. 8. Nocturno.
- 2630 — Op. 24 Nr. 9. Romanze.
- 2639 — Op. 24 Nr. 10. Barkarole.
- 2445 — Op. 26. Finlandia.
- 2480 — Op. 31 Nr. 3. Gesang der Athener.
- 2695 — Op. 36 Nr. 1. Schwarze Rosen.
- 2430 — Op. 36 Nr. 4. Schilfrohr säuselt.
- 2468 — Op. 41. Kyllikki, 3 lyrische Stücke.
- 2224 — Op. 44. Valse triste aus »Kunlema«.
- 2308 — Gesang v. d. Kreuzspinne (Eckman).
- 2231 — König Kristian-Suite I Teil, (Elegie, Menuett, Masche u. Kreuzspinne).
- 2872 — II. Teil. Nocturne-Serenade.
- 2873 — III. Teil. Ballade.
- 2787 — Album.
- 2370/71 Sinigaglia, 2 Danze piemontesi. Op. 31.
- 2795 — Lustspiel-Ouvertüre. Le Baruffe Chiozzotte. Op. 32.
- 1990 Skandinavische Musik.
- 1081/82 Skandinavische Volksmusik. I/II.
- 702 Sonaten Album. Beethoven, Clementi, Dussek, Haydn, Krasse, Kuhlau, Mozart, Reinecke, Scarlatti, (Krause).
- 1009/11 Sonntags-Musik. (Pauer) I/II.
- 561/62 Strauß, 60 Klüden. I/II.
- 2680 Strauß, Rich., Op. 1. Festmarsch.
- 2749 — Op. 7. Serenade f. Blasinstrumente.
- 2760 — Op. 20. Don Juan (O. Singer).
- 2751 — Op. 24. Tod u. Verklärung (O. Singer).
- 2762 — Op. 28. Töl Eulenspiegel (O. Singer).
- 2753 — Op. 30. Zarathustra (Schmalz).
- 2785 — Op. 40. Ein Heldenleben (O. Singer).
- 1083 Synagogal-Melodien, alte hebräische.
- 1156 Tarantellen-Album. (Pauer) 8.
- 554 Taubert, W., Pianoforte-Werke.
- 927 Thalberg, Op. 26. Klüden.
- 364 — Op. 26. Klüden. 8.
- 1506 — Dieselben. Krit. Ausg. v. Epstein.

## Klavier zu 2 Händen.

- Nr. Thalberg, Album (Reinecke) 8.
- 329 — Die Kunst des Gesanges. Op. 70.
- 1064 Taffl, Op. 35. Kätchens Erlebnisse.
- 2237 Tondauern (mit Schlußkadenzen).
- 2235 Tschaikowsky, Album (Ludwig Klee).
- 2798 — Orchester-Album.
- 4027 — Die Jahreszeiten. Op. 37a.
- 4028 — Kinder-Album. Op. 39.
- Unsere Meister, Album, herausgegeben von G. Reinecke. 43 Bde.
- 1012/15 Unsre Lieblinge. (Reinecke.) I/IV.
- 2790 Volkmann, Rob., Op. 25b. Intermezzo.
- 1802/128 Wagner, Album (Reinecke) 8. I/II.
- 2071 — Polonaise, D dur.
- 2422 — Anger. Perlen a. Lohengrin (Heintz).
- 2378 — Brautlied aus Lohengrin.
- 2754 — Schwanenlied a. Lohengrin (Krug).
- 1365 — Lohengrin-Transkription. (Jaell, Op. 142).
- 304 — Lyrische Stücke aus Lohengrin.
- 421 — Angereichte Perlen aus Lohengrin und Tristan und Isolde (Heintz).
- 1086 — Anger. Perlen a. Tristan (Heintz).
- 420 — Lyrische Stücke a. Tristan u. Isolde.
- 1494 — mit übergl. franz. Text.
- 1870 — Paraphrasen a. Tristan (Tausig).
- 277 Weber, Sämtl. Pftw.-Werke (Reinecke).
270. 950 — Album. Orig. u. Bearb. 8. I/II.
- 873 — Sämtl. Sonaten. (Reinecke).
- 276 — Dieselben (Reinecke) 8.
- 2218 — Aufforderung zum Tanz (Orig.).
- 2178 — Dasselbe (Tausig-Schwarzenka).
- 1710 Weihnachtsalbum.
- 2098 Wiehmayr, Theod., Tonleitern-Schule nach neuen Grundsätzen (d-e).
- 713/1421 Wohlfahrt Kind-Kl.-Schule. I/II. Kart.
- 1006 — Kleine Leute. 1. Mel.-Alb. Op. 85.
- 1008 — G. T. für kleine Leute. Op. 25.
- 1005 — Kl. Licht- u. Schattenbilder. Op. 48.
- 2145 — 52 melodische Stücke (Op. 19 u. 26).
- Ouvertüren zu 2 Händen.
- 30 Beethoven, Sämtliche 11 Ouvertüren.
- 2103/4 Berlioz, Ouvertüren I/II.
- 278 Cherubini, Sämtliche Ouvertüren.
- 98 Glück, Berühmte Ouvert. (Schubert) 8.
- 198 Mendelssohn, über Ouvert. (Jadassohn).
- 165 — Sämtliche Ouvertüren.
- 164 — Dieselben. 8.
- 213 Mozart, Berühmte Ouvertüren.
- 497 — Ouvertüren zu den Jugend-Opern.
- 2409/12 Ouvertüren-Album I. (Auber, Bellini, Boieldieu, Donizetti, Hérold, Rossini) II. (Balle, Cherubini, Cimarosa, Glück, Halévy, Kreutzer) III. (Adam, Mailart, Marschner, Reissiger, Spohr, Spontini) IV. (Bizet, Lortzing, Nicolai, Reinecke, Schubert).
- 644 Schumann, Sämtliche Ouvertüren.
- 2230 Sibelius, Op. 10. Karelia Ouvertüre.
- 2795 Sinigaglia, Op. 32. Baruffe Chiozzotte.
- 2795 Suppé, Berühmte Ouvertüren.
- 2936 Wagner, 3 Vorspiele zu Lohengrin und Tristan u. Isolde.
- 2685 — Faust-Ouvert. leicht (Kleinmichel).
- 2435/36 — König Enzo Polono (Mottl).
- 2437 — Christoph Columbus (Mottl).
- 2438 — Rule Britannia (Mottl).
- 274 Weber, Sämtl. Ouvertüren (Reinecke).
- 273 — Dieselben (Reinecke) 8.
- Klavierauszüge zu 2 Händen.
- Ausgabe mit Hinzufügung des Textes.
- \*12 Bach, J. S., Mathäus Passion.
- \*1321 Beethoven, Emont (Krug).
- \*23 — Wohlfeile Ausg.
- \*2158 Bizet, G., Carmen (Gust. F. Kogel).
- 567 Boieldieu, Weiße Dame (Jadassohn).
- 1165/68 Glück, Iphigenie in Aulis, auf Tauris.
102. 44 Lortzing, Undine, Waffenschmied.
- 48 — Zar und Zimmermann.
- 365 Mendelssohn, Athalia (Rietz).
- 386 — Lobgesang.
- 765 — Dasselbe 8.
- 387/8 — Oedipus 8. Sommernachtstraum.
- 159 — Sommernachtstraum 8.
- 463 Meyerbeer, Hugenotten (Schwenke).
- \*747 — Dasselbe (Kogel) 8.
- \*1464 — Dasselbe. Neue revid. Ausg. (Kogel).
- 464 — Der Prophet (Schwenke).
- \*748 — Dasselbe (Kogel) 8.
- 1487 — Dasselbe. Neue revid. Ausg. (Kogel).
- 1542 Mozart, Requiem (Richter).
- 536 Schumann, Manfred. Op. 115.
- 629 — Paradies und Peri. Op. 50.
- \*431 Wagner, Das Liebesmahl d. Apostel 8.
- \*392 — Lohengrin, mit szen. Bemerk. 8.
- \*1565 — Dasselbe mit szen. Bemerk.
- \*960 — Dasselbe mit engl. Text.
- \*451 — Tristan u. Isolde, m. szen. Bemerk.
15. 45 Weber, Freischütz, Oberon 8.
- Klavier zu 4 Händen.
- 2376 Armand, Op. 9. 6 leichte Stücke.
- 2069/70 — Op. 20. 10 Phantasiestücke. I/II.
- 2197 Bach, C. Ph. Em., Symphonie D dur.
- 523 Bach, J. S., 6 Klavier-Konzerte (Waldersee).
- 2434 — Chaconne, D moll (C. Reinecke).
- 2269 — Siehe Jugendbibliothek, Heft V.
- 20 Beethoven, Op. 20. Septett.
- 113 — 5 Klavier-Konzerte.
- 2932/276 — Klavier-Konzert Nr. 1, 5.
- 1592 — Violinkonzert (Hermann).
- 1499 — Märsche.
- 2461/02 — Sämtliche Streich-Quartette.
- Bd. I/II. Op. 18 Nr. 1—3, 4—6.
- 2463 — — — III. Op. 59 Nr. 1—2.
- 2464 — — — IV. Op. 59 Nr. 3, Op. 74.
- 2465 — — — V. Op. 65, 127.
- 2466 — — — VI. Op. 130, 131.
- 2467 — — — VII. Op. 132, 133, 135.
- 41/42 — 9 Symphonien, 2 Bde.
- 555/60 — Dieselben einzeln: Nr. 1—8.
- 861 — — — Nr. 9. Dm.
- 46 Beethoven, Sämtliche Klavier-Trios.
- 46a/b — Dieselben in 2 Abt.
- 490 — Sämtliche Streich-Trios.
- 1993 — Siehe Jugendbibliothek Heft I.
- 2758 Bertini, Op. 97. 25 Studien (L. Köhler).
- 88 Chopin, Sämtl. Mazurkas (Schubert).
- 88 — Sämtliche Polonaisen (Schubert).
- 88 — Sämtliche Walzer (Schubert).
- 285 Clementi, 7 Sonaten (Dörffel).
- Diabelli, Unterrichtswerke. (Krause):
- 940 — Bd. I. Übungsstücke. Op. 149.
- 942 — Bd. II. Jugendfreuden. Op. 163.
- 943 — Sonatinen Op. 24, 54, 58, 60.
- 944 — Id. III. Sonat. Op. 32, 33, 37, 150, 152.
- 953 — Sonatinen Op. 21, 54, 58, 60.
- 954 — Sonatinen Op. 32, 33, 37.
- 2757 — Sonaten Op. 33, 73.
- 955 — Sonatinen Op. 150, 152.
- 952 — Jugendfreuden Op. 163.
- 2383 Elgar, Op. 20. Serenade, Emoll.
- 1018/20 Förster, Aufmunterung d. Schüler. 24 melod. Übungsst. Op. 24. 3 Bde.
- 1204 Gade, Symphonien E, A m., D m., F.
- 560 Grenzebach, 36 Klavierstücke im Fange von 5 Tönen.
- 917 Gurliitt, Op. 23. Präludien und Choräle.
- 106 Händel, 12 Orgel-Konzerte. I/II.
- 2269 — Siehe Jugendbibliothek, Heft V.
- 125a/b Haydn, 12 Symphonien (Rietz). 2 Bde.
- 862/75 — 14 Symphonien, Einzeln.
- 2027 — Symphonie Nr. 16 (Oxford).
- 2028 — Symphonie Nr. 18 (Abschieds-).
- 127 — 12 Klaviertrios (Burchard).
- 127a/b — Dieselben in 2 Abt.
- 2267 — Siehe Jugendbibliothek, Heft III.
- 2600 Heller, Op. 85 Nr. 2. Tarentelle, Asdur.
- 1599 Henselt, 10 Klüden aus Op. 5. Bearb.
- 2388 Hofmann, Op. 19. Italien. Liebesnovelle.
- 1280 — Op. 52. Trompeter v. Säckingen.
- 1685 — Op. 54a. 2 Serenaden.
- 1281 — Op. 57. Ekkehard.
- 1578 — Op. 79. Waldmärchen.
- 1560 Jugendbibliothek für den Unterricht (A. Krause). Bd. I. Klassiker.
- 1561 — Bd. II. Romantiker.
- 1998 — Heft I. Beethoven.
- 1999 — Heft II. Weber.
- 2267 — Heft III. Haydn.
- 2268 — Heft IV. Rob. Schumann.
- 2269 — Heft V. Bach-Händel.
- 2270 — Heft VI. Mozart.
- 2271 — Heft VII. Mendelssohn.
- 2272 — Heft VIII. Franz Schubert.
- 488/89 Krause, Instruk. Sonaten I/II.
- 294 Kuhlau, Sonatinen Op. 44, 46.
- 2601/02 Köhner, Schule d. vierh. Klaviersp. I/II.
- 2548 Liszt, Phantasie und Fuge. Adnos, ad salutem.
- 506/7 — Symp. Dichtungen. 2 Bde.
- 2433 — Les Preludes.
- 2506 — Isolde's Liebestod.
- 2690 — Tannhäuser, Einzug der Gäste auf Wartburg.
- 422 — Transkript aus Wagners Opern.
- 2057 Lumby, Traumbilder. Phantasie.
- 2597 Marsch-Album.
- 397 Mendelssohn, Orig.-Pftw.-Werke (Rietz).
- 157 — Sämtliche 79 Lieder.
- 1706 — Sämtliche Märsche.
- 163 — Sämtl. Orgelwerke: Op. 37 Prälud. u. Fugen, Op. 65 Sonaten (Schubert).
- 392 — Sämtl. Pftw.-Quartette. (Brüder).
- 173 — Sämtliche Streich-Quartette.
- 178a/c — Dieselb. in 3 Abt. (1/2, 3/5, 6/7).
- 183 — Sämtliche Symphonien.
- 876/80 — Dieselben einzeln: Nr. 1—5.
- 390 — Sämtliche Pianoforte-Trios.
- 1291 — Op. 20. Oktett in Es.
- 933 — Op. 25. Klavier-Konzert Gm.
- 163a — Op. 37. Präludien und Fugen.
- 1234 — Op. 40. Klavier-Konzert Dm.
- 1296 — Op. 64. Violin-Konzert.
- 163b — Op. 65. 6 Orgel-Sonaten.
- 2818 — Siehe Jugendbibliothek Heft VII.
- 1295 Meyerbeer, Krönungsmarsch, Walzer, Redowa, Schlittschuh-Tanz u. Galopp aus dem Prophet.
- 216 Mozart, Sämtl. Orig.-Kompos. (Dörffel).
- 898 — Hallner-Serenade.
- 894 — Serenade Nr. 3, D [320] (Schubert).
- 230/31 — 12 Symphonien, 2 Bde.
- 949 — Symphonie Nr. 22—41 einzeln.
- 395 — Symphonie F [38] (Burchard).
- 2270 — Symp. D [K.-V. Anh. 293] (Schubert).
- 1431/32 Neumann, Op. 1. Stüke f. Anfang. I/II.
- 1818 Nicodé, Op. 29. Bilder aus dem Süden.
- 345/471 Piano-forte-Musik, Klass. u. mod. Sämtl. vorzügl. Stücke (Reinecke) 4 B.
- 13161 — Reinecke, Op. 47. 3 Sonatinen.
- 2341/42 — Op. 151. 10 kleine Phantasien über deutsche Kinderlieder. I/II.
- 1687 Scharwenka, Ph., Op. 21. Tanz-Suite.
- 2350/51 — Op. 30. All' Omgartse, Walzer.
- 2758/59 Schmitt, Jac., Sonatinen. Op. 208, 209.
- 262a/b Schubert, Orig.-Werke. (Reinecke) 2 H.
- 1458 — — — Bd. 3. (Suppl.) (Ouv., Phant. usw.).
- 486 — Märsche (Reinecke).
- 1298 — Polonaisen.
- 466 — Symphonie Nr. 7, C. (E. F. Richter).
- 2183 — Symp. Nr. 8 H moll (Unvollendete).
- 2319 — Siehe Jugendbibliothek, Heft VIII.
- 645 Schumann, Sämtliche Originalwerke. (Clara Schumann).
- 499 — Klavier-Werke: Bd. I. Op. 9, 12, 15.
- 500 — — — Bd. II. Op. 21. Novell. (Jadassohn).
- 501 — — — Band III. Op. 17, 22, 23.
- 646 Sämtl. Symphonien (Jansen).
- 736/39 — Sämtl. Symphon. einzeln: Nr. 1—4.
- 576 — Trios, Phantasiestücke, Märchen-erzählungen.
- 836 — Op. 9. Carnaval (Schmitz).
- 837 — Op. 12. Phantasiestücke (Köster).
- 838 — Op. 15. Kinderszenen (Schubert).
- 839 — Op. 17. Phantasie (Horn).
- 840 — Op. 22. Sonate Gm. (Reinecke).
- 841 — Op. 25. 3 Romanzen (Schubert).
- 437 — Op. 41. 3 Quartette (Dresel).

## Klavier zu 4 Händen.

- Nr. 643 Schumann, Op. 44, 47. Quintett und Quartett.
- 851 — Op. 40. Andante und Variationen.
- 703 — Op. 52. Ouvert., Scherzo u. Finale.
- 805 — Op. 54. Klavier-Konzert A m.
- 753 — Op. 63. Erstes Trio (Naumann).
- 700 — Op. 65. Bilder aus Osten.
- 2760 — Op. 83. Jugend-Album.
- 754 — Op. 80. Zweites Trio (Naumann).
- 701 — Op. 85. 12 vierhänd. Klavierstücke.
- 756 — Op. 85. Phantasiestücke (Naumann).
- 804 — Op. 92. Konzertstück G. (Naumann).
- 702 — Op. 109. 9 charakterist. Tonstücke.
- 755 — Op. 110. Drittes Trio (Horn).
- 703 — Op. 130. Kinderball.
- 757 — Op. 132. Märchen-erzählungen.
- 2263 — Siehe Jugendbibliothek Heft IV.
- 2178 Sibelius, Op. 10. Karelia-Ouvertüre.
- 2157 — Op. 11. Karelia-Suite (K. Kkman).
- 2421 — Op. 22 Nr. 3. Schwan v. Tuonela.
- 2273 — Op. 44. Valse triste a. »Kunlema«.
- 2399/2400 — König Kristian-Suite. I/II.
- 2220/21 Sinigaglia, Danze piemontesi I/II.
- 2796 — Lustspiel-Ouv. Baruffe Chiozzotte.
- 2597 Strauß, Festmarsch (s. Marschalbum).
- 1434 Tours, Klavierstücke (Suite de Pieces).
- 1021/231 Unsre Lieblinge. Die schönsten Melod., leicht v. C. Reinecke, 4 Bde.
- 10631 Vogel, Album f. kleine Klaviersp. Op. 47.
- 493 Wagner, Lyrische Stücke a. Lohengrin.
- 572 — Lyrische Stücke aus Tristan (Sitt).
- 269 Weber, Sämtl. Orig.-Werke (Reinecke).
- 1999 — Siehe Jugendbibliothek Heft II.
- 908 Wohlfahrt, Der Klavierfreund. Kart.
- Ouvertüren zu 4 Händen.
- 32 Beethoven, Sämtliche 11 Ouvertüren.
- 279 Cherubini, Sämtliche Ouvertüren.
- 2086 Cornelli, Der Barbier von Bagdad.
- 99 Glück, Ouvertüren.
- 166 Mendelssohn, Sämtliche 11 Ouvertüren.
- 199 — 5 berühmte Ouvertüren.
- 214 Mozart, Berühmte Ouvertüren.
- 556 Reinecke, Ouvertüren.
- 647 Schumann, Sämtliche Ouvertüren.
- 2178 Sibelius, Op. 10. Karelia-Ouvertüre.
- 2796 Sinigaglia, Op. 32. Baruffe Chiozzotte.
- 2401 Wagner, Lohengrin, Einleitung z. 3. Akt.
- 2568 — Tristan und Isolde. Vorspiel.
- 275 Weber, Sämtliche Ouvertüren.
- Klavier-Ansätze zu 4 Händen.
- 359 Boieldieu, Weiße Dame.
- 109 Donizetti, Lucrèce Borgia.
- 2567 Glück, Alceste.
- 2558/59 Haydn, Schöpfung, Jahreszeiten.
- 1618 Hérold, Marie.
25. 43 Lortzing, Zar, Undine.
- 333 Mendelssohn, Athalia.
- 394 — Lobgesang.
- 895 — Oedipus.
- 391 — Sommernachtstraum.
- 104/5 Meyerbeer, Hugenotten, Prophet.
- 2392 Mozart, Krönungs Messe.
- 1426 — Requiem.
- 537 Schumann, Manfred.
- 528 — Paradies und Peri.
- 514 Wagner, Lohengrin, (Schubert).
- 1409 — Lohengrin d-e. (Kleinmichel).
18. 19 Weber, Freischütz, Oberon.
- 2 Klaviere 4 händig.
- Zur Aufführung 2 Expl. erforderlich.
- 563/69 Bach, 10 Konzerte. Pianoforte I. II.
- 22 Beethoven, Konzerte. Pftw. I (Reinecke).
- 566 — — — Pftw. II (Reinecke).
- 1910/19 — Symphonien: Bd. I (1—5). Bd. II (6—9).
- 2204 — Symphonie Nr. 2 D dur. Op. 36.
- 1507/8 Bibliothek für 2 Pianoforte (Krause).
- 2543 Bruch, Op. 11. Phantasie D moll.
- 2257 Chopin, Op. 79. Rondo Odur (A. Krause).
- 94 — Konzerte u. Konzertstücke. Pftw. I.
- 1264 — — — Pftw. II (Reinecke).
- 2424 Clementi, Original-Sonaten (Krause).
- 530/31 Klavierkonzerte alter und neuer Zeit.
- 881 — Pianoforte II. Bd. I, II, IV.
- 583 — — — Bd. III.
- (Pftw. I. s. 2-hdg. Nr. 282/3, 523, 384).
- \*2277 Liszt, Concerto pathétique (Bülow).
- \*508/9 — Symphon. Dichtungen. 2 Bde.
- 451/62 Mendelssohn, Sämtliche Ouvertüren.
- 2402 — 5 berühmte Ouvertüren.
- 2781 Meyerbeer, Krönungsmarsch a. Prophet.
- 2125 Mozart, Sonate und Fuge (Krause).
- 3340 Reinecke, Op. 84. La belle Grécidias.
- 1437 Schubert, Symp. Nr. 7, C (Kindwirth).
- 2325/27 Schumann, Symphonien Nr. 1, 2, 3.
- \*649 — Op. 46. Andante u. Variationen.
- 1443 — Op. 47. Klavier-Quartett (Waage).
- 830 — Op. 54. Klavier-Konzert (Horn).
- 831 — Op. 92. Konzertstück (Hermann).
- 532 — Op. 134. Konzert-Allegro (Busoni).
- 2234 Wagner, Brautlied a. Lohengrin (Snoerl).
- \*2517 — Isolde's Liebestod.
- 2 Klaviere 8 händig.
- 1229 Beethoven, Op. 80. Phantasie.
- 1203a/b — Märsche.
- 265/66 — 9 Symphonien. Bd. I (Nr. 1—5).
- 267/68 — — — Bd. II (Nr. 6—9).
- 1174/81 — Symphonien einzeln: Nr. 1—8.
- 1183 — — — Nr. 9.
- 2295 Chopin, Op. 40 Nr. 1. Polonaise, A dur.
- 1289 Jugendbibliothek, 8 kürzere Stücke f. d. Unterricht (Knorr), Pftw. I, II.
- 2573 Liszt, Spinnlied a. Flieg. Holländer.
- 1253 Mendelssohn, Op. 11. Symp. Gm. (Busoni).
- 1960 — Op. 52. Symphonie B. (Horn).
- 2363 — 5 berühmte Ouvertüren.
- 2423 — Hochzeitsmarsch u. Kriegsmarsch.
- 2542 — Notturmo a. d. Sommernachtstraum.